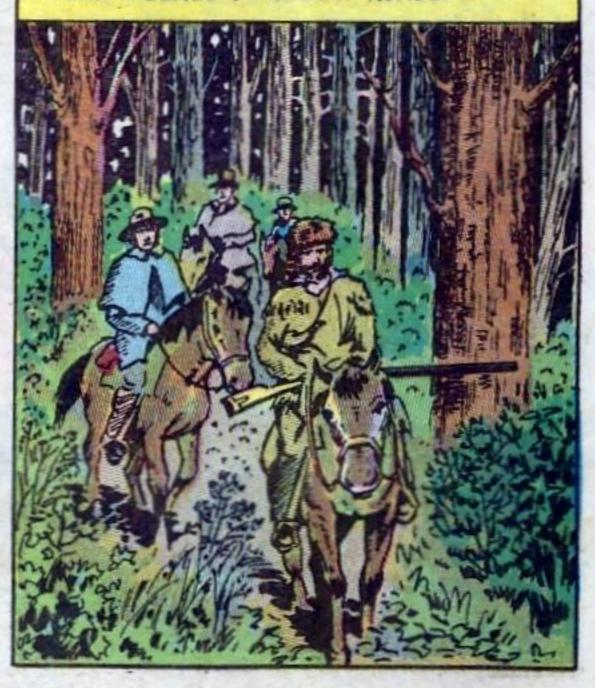


WHILE LINCOLN WAS GROWING UP, ROADS WERE BEING CUT THROUGH THE WILDERNESS SO THAT THE FRONTIER FARMERS COULD GET THEIR CROSS AND STOCK TO MARKET. TRAVEL OVER THESE ROUGH ROADS WAS BY OX TEAM AND HORSES.



MANY ROADS THROUGH THE WESTERN WOODS WERE ONLY HORSE TRAILS. AS THE REGION BECAME MORE SETTLED, THESE WERE WIDENED INTO DIRT ROADS.





AS A BOY GROWING UP IN A FRONTIER REGION, LINCOLN DID ALL THE USUAL FARM CHORES AND WORKED HARD IN THE FIELDS. AT NIGHT HE STUDIED BY THE LIGHT OF THE FIREPLACE. HE HAD LITTLE OPPORTUNITY TO GO TO SCHOOL, BUT WAS DETERMINED TO GET AN EDUCATION.



WHEN LINCOLN WAS NINETEEN, HE HIRED OUT AS A MEMBER OF THE CREW OF A FLATBOAT...

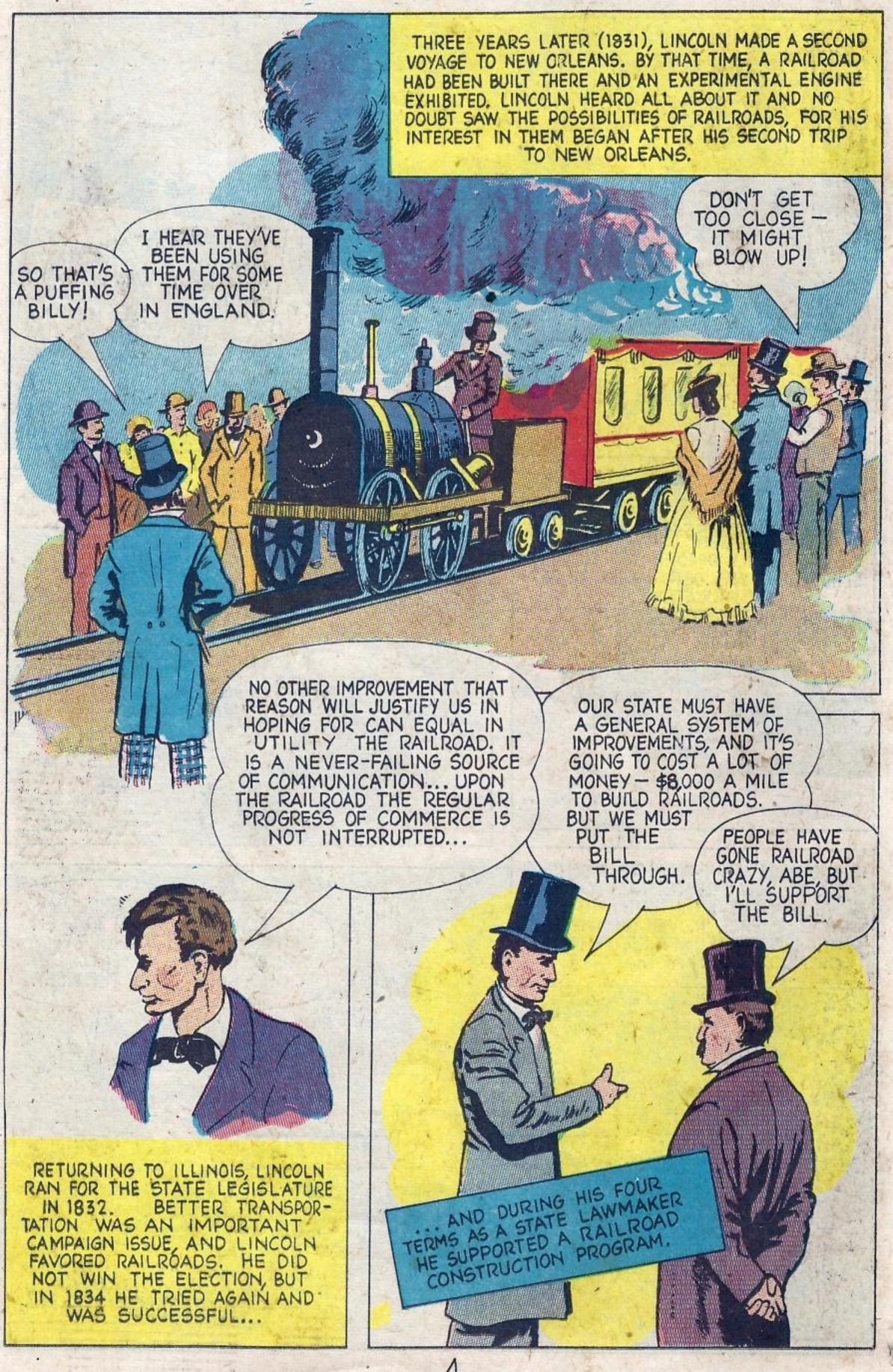
BIG AND STRONG AS I'M USED TO HARD YOU ARE, ABE, YOU'LL WORK AND I



RIVER TO NEW ORLEANS. THIS JOURNEY GAVE HIM THE OPPORTUNITY TO SEE HOW COMMERCE MOVED ON THE WATER WAYS. LINCOLN'S INTEREST IN TRANSPORTATION BEGAN AT THAT TIME.



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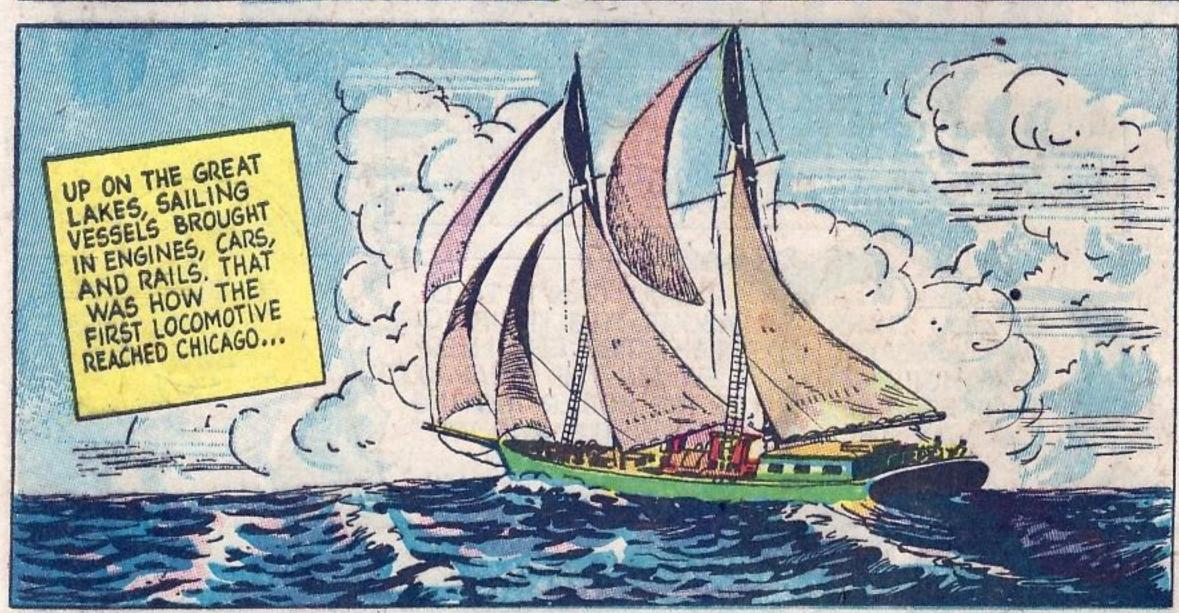


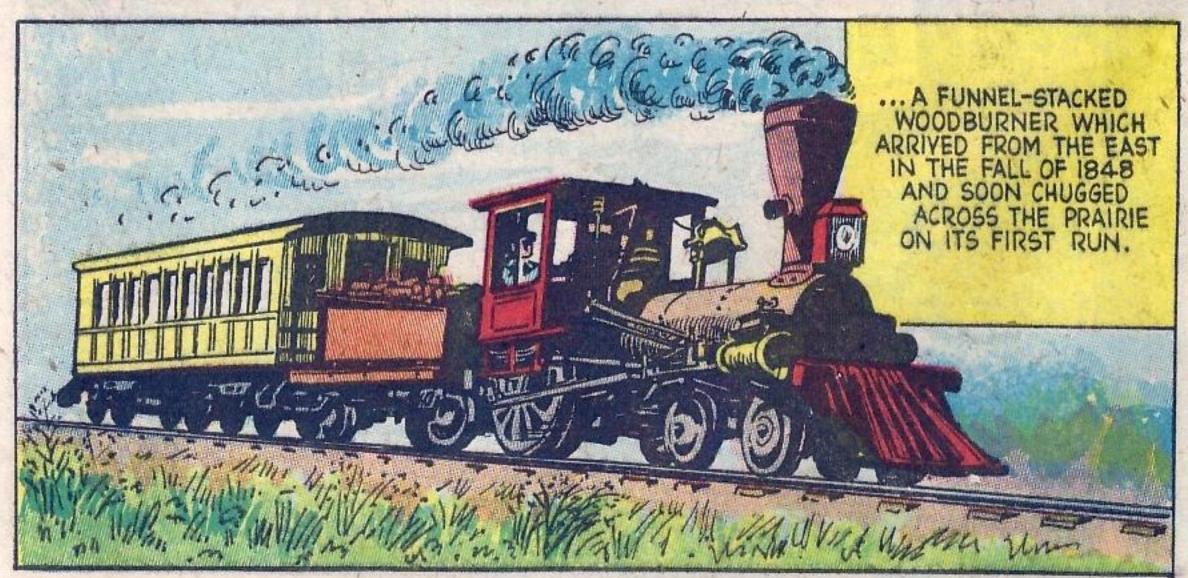
LINCOLN SERVED IN CONGRESS 1847-1849 AND, DURING HIS TERM, HE PROMOTED LEGISLATION TO ENCOURAGE THE BUILDING OF RAIL LINES. LINCOLN WAS CONVINCED THAT RAILROADS WERE THE MOST PRACTICAL MEANS OF MASS TRANSPORTATION ON LAND.

BY 1849, WHEN LINCOLN FINISHED HIS TERM IN CONGRESS, THE GREAT WESTWARD MOVEMENT WAS UNDER WAY. IN THE MID-WEST, RAILROADS WERE EXPANDING SWIFTLY.

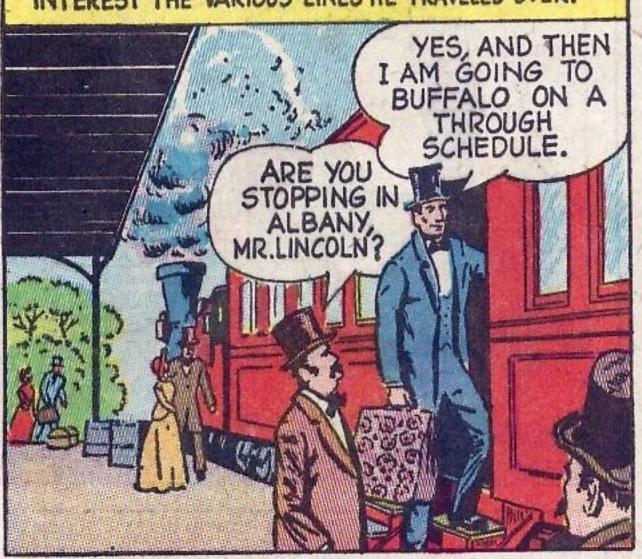




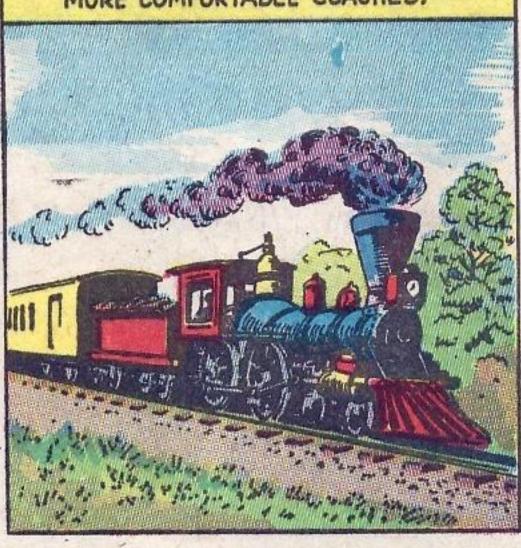




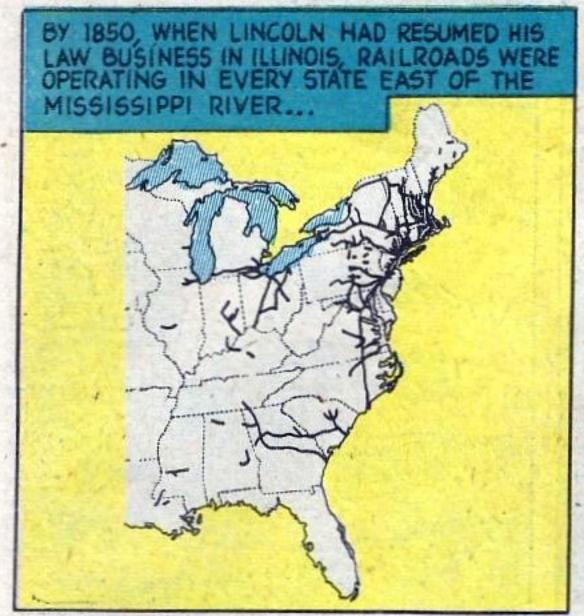
DURING HIS TWO YEARS IN WASHINGTON AS A CONGRESSMAN, LINCOLN MADE A NUMBER OF TRAIN TRIPS THROUGH THE EASTERN STATES AND OBSERVED WITH INTEREST THE VARIOUS LINES HE TRAVELED OVER.



HE WAS ESPECIALLY IMPRESSED BY THE HEAVIER ROADBEDS AND THE LARGER AND MORE COMFORTABLE COACHES.

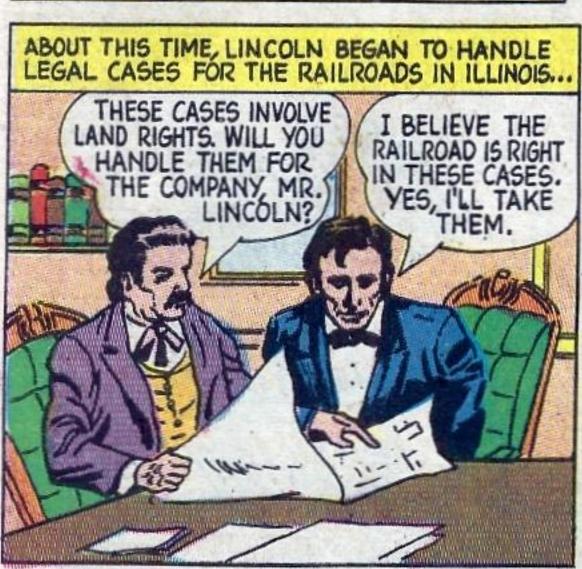




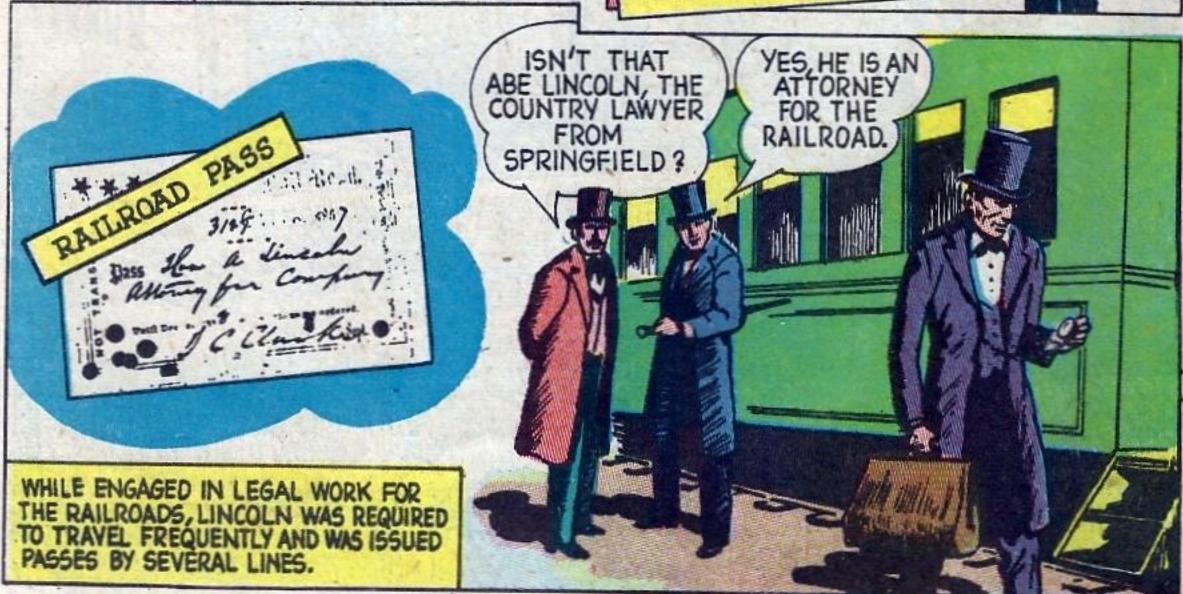


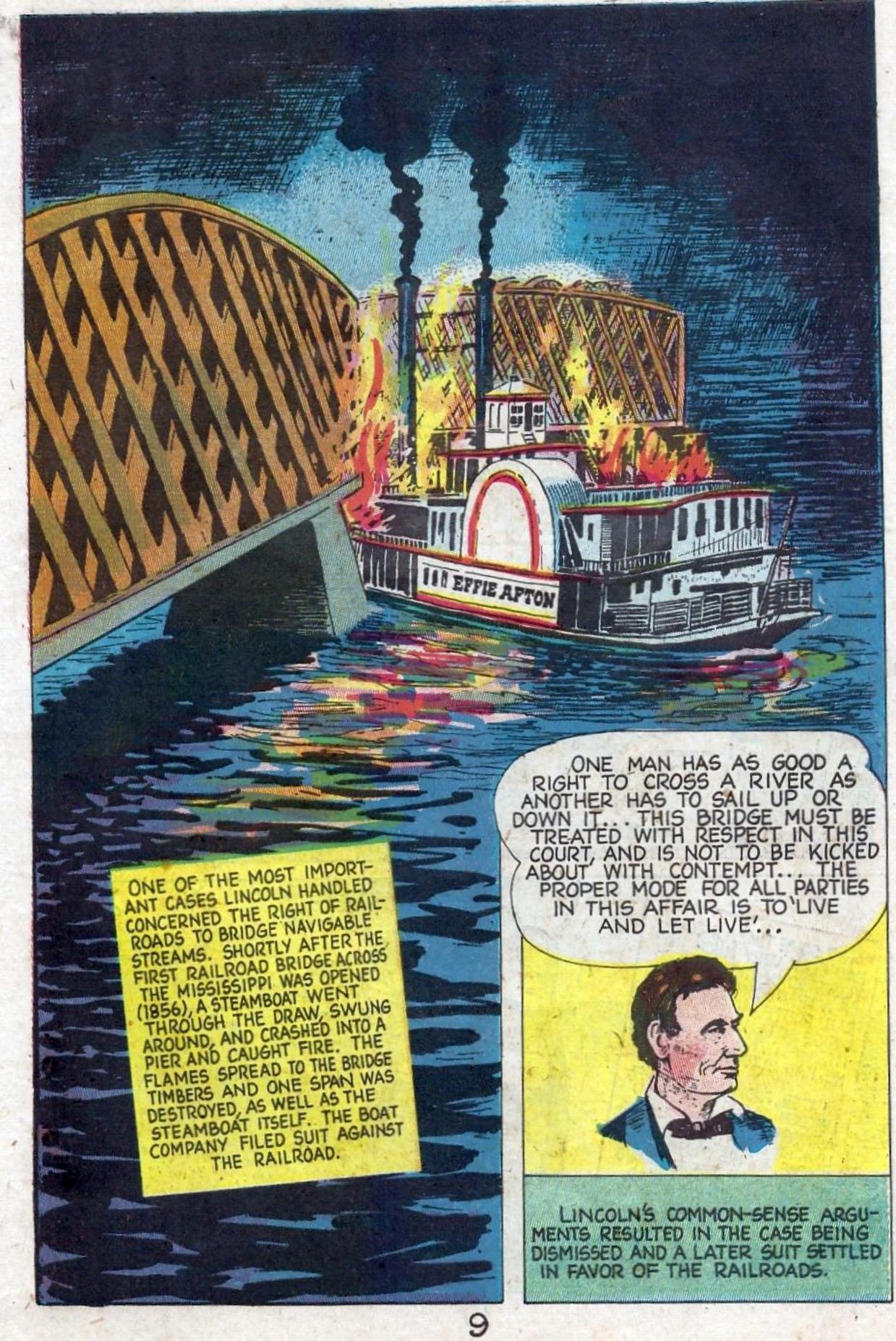
... AND, IN 1852, THE IRON HORSE MADE ITS FIRST RUN WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI.



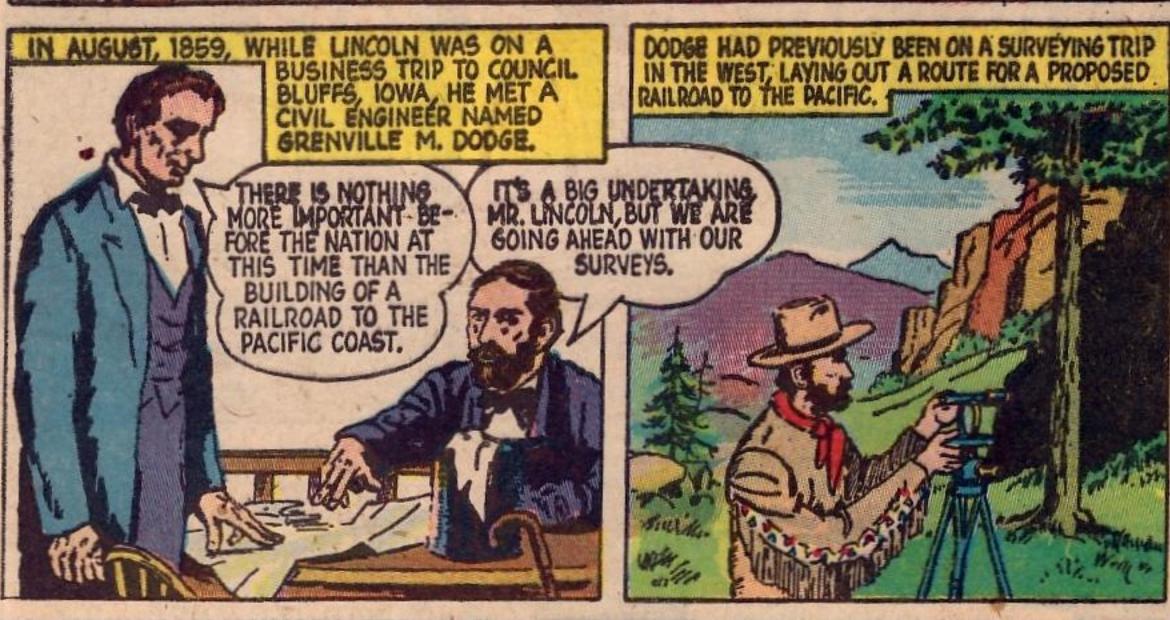


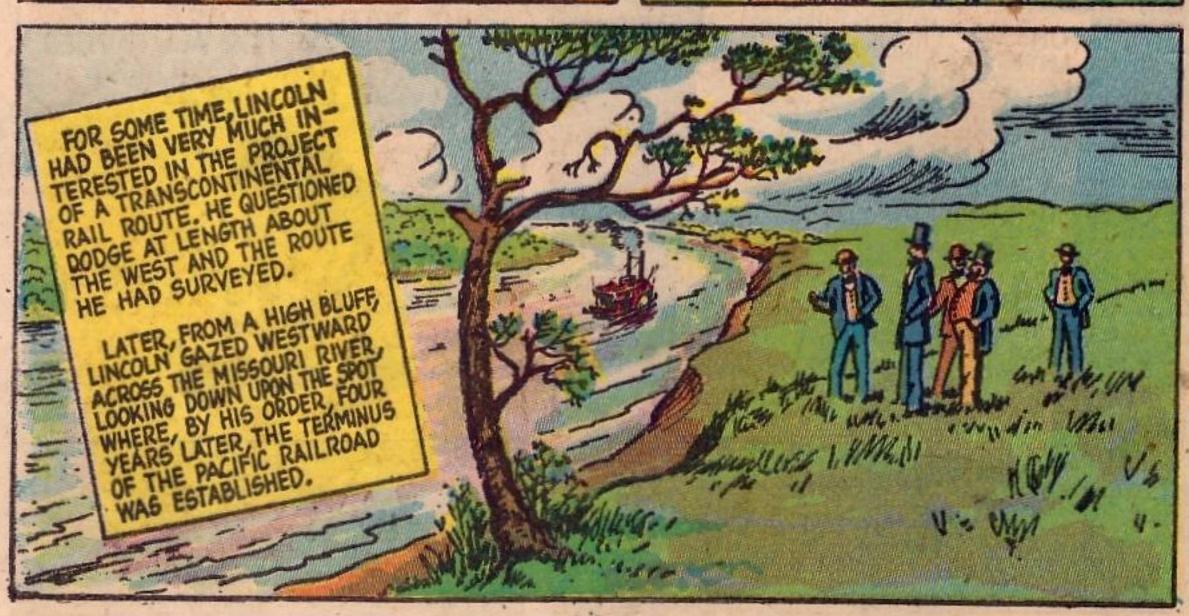




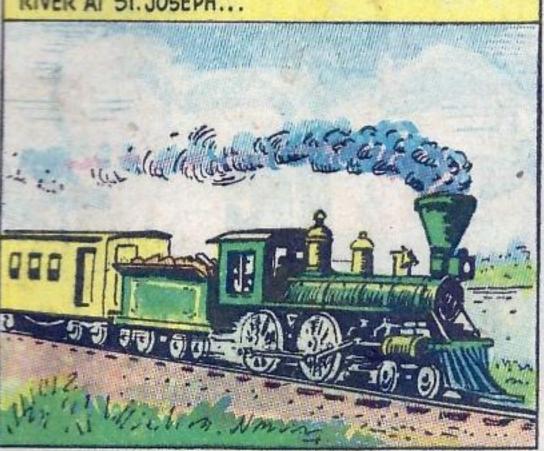




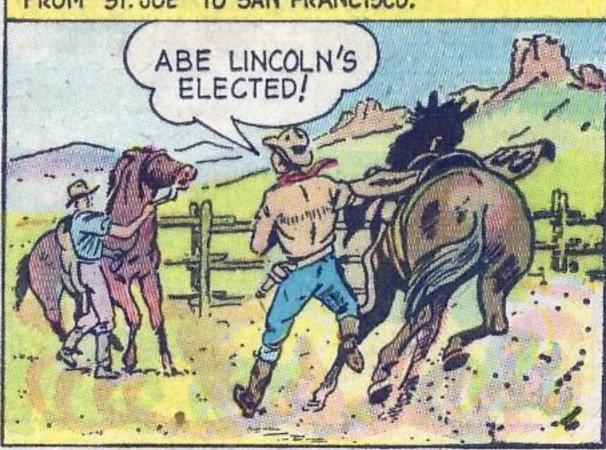


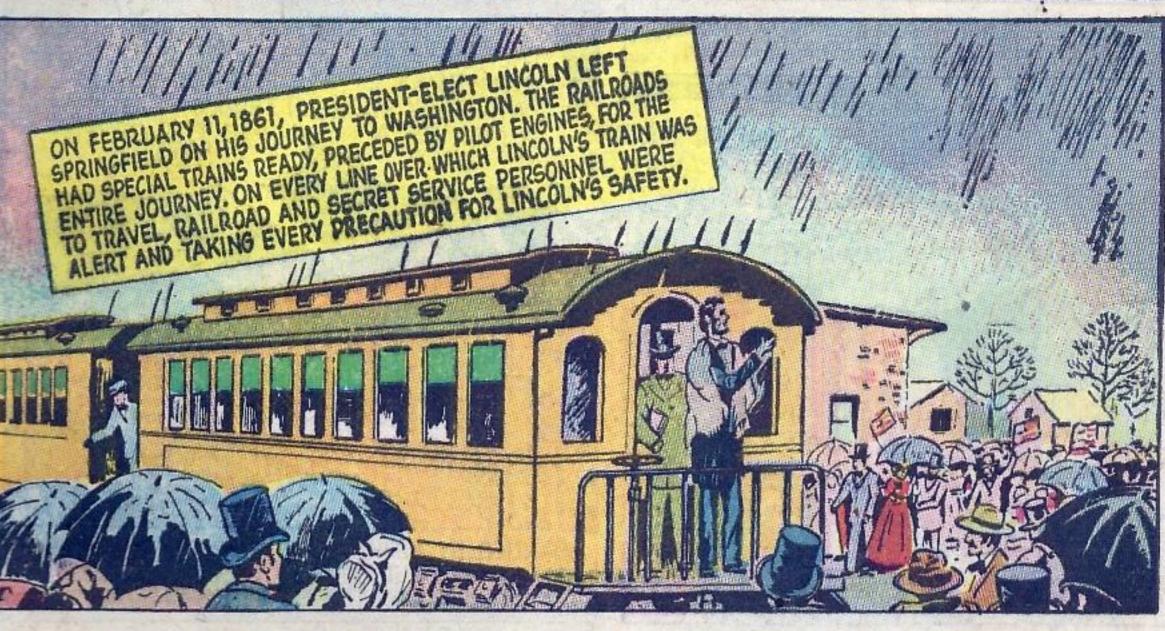


AT THE TIME OF LINCOLN'S VISIT TO COUNCIL BLUFFS, THE IRON HORSE HAD ALREADY REACHED THE MISSOURI RIVER AT ST. JOSEPH...



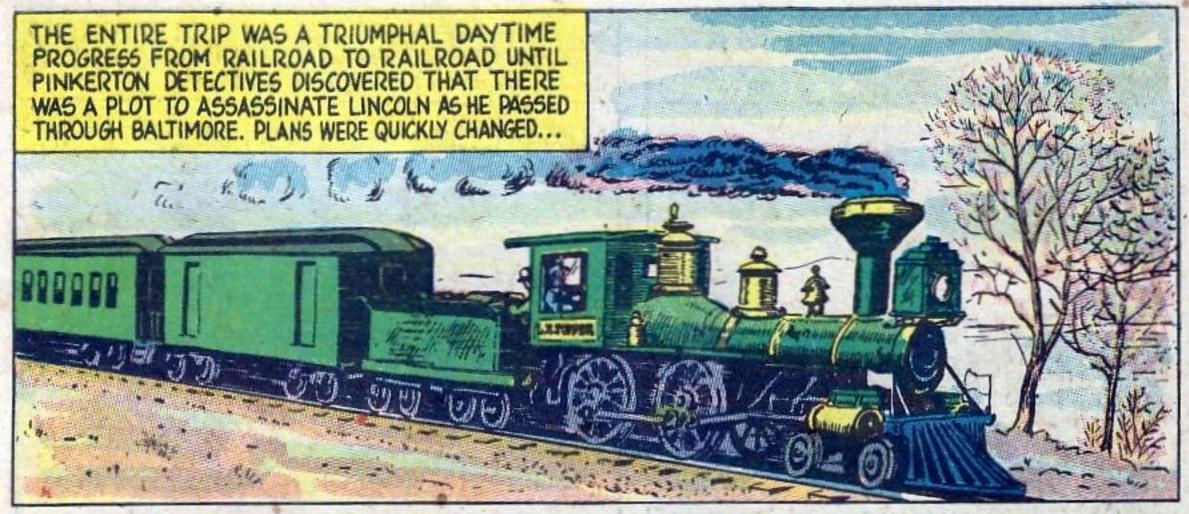
PRESIDENT, THE PONY EXPRESS CARRIED THE NEWS FROM "ST. JOE" TO SAN FRANCISCO.





ALL ALONG THE ROUTE
LINCOLN WAS GREETED
BY CHEERING CROWDS.
AT THE STOPPING PLACES
THERE WERE WELCOMING CEREMONIES, RECEPTIONS, AND SPEECHMAKING. THE TRAINS WERE
SCHEDULED FOR DAYTIME
RUNS SO THAT PEOPLE
ALL ALONG THE ROUTE
MIGHT GLIMPSE THE
PRESIDENT-ELECT.





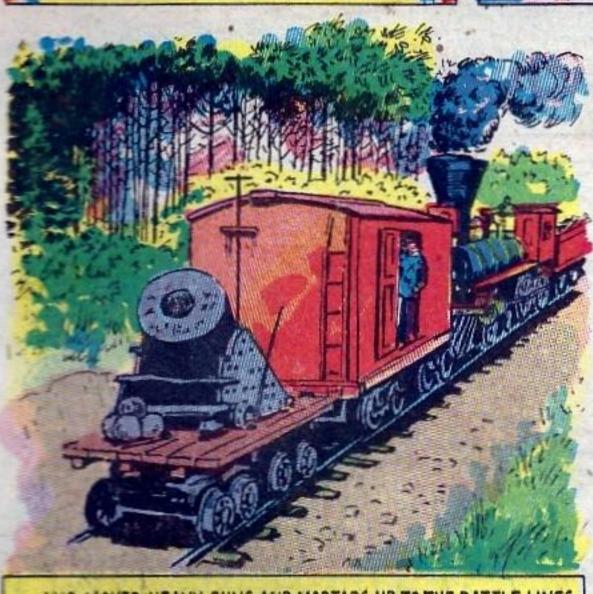




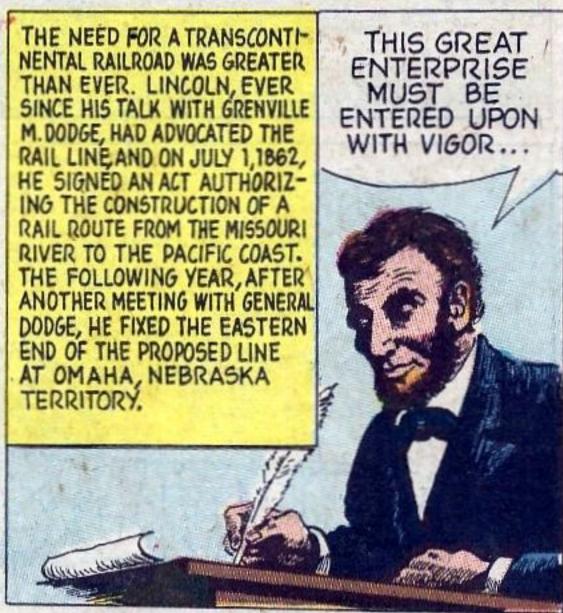
SOON AFTER LINCOLN WAS INAUGURATED (MARCH 4, 1861), THE
WAR BETWEEN THE STATES BROKE
OUT. THE IMPORTANCE OF RAILROADS IN WAR WAS RECOGNIZED
IN WASHINGTON AT ONCE, AND
LINCOLN, DECLARING A STATE OF
REBELLION ON APRIL 15, 1861,
TOOK OVER CERTAIN RAILROADS
FOR MILITARY USE.

RAILROADS PERFORMED A TRE-MENDOUS SERVICE OF SUPPLY. TRAINS TRANSPORTED TROOPS TO TRAINING CENTERS AND TO THE FIGHTING FRONTS...

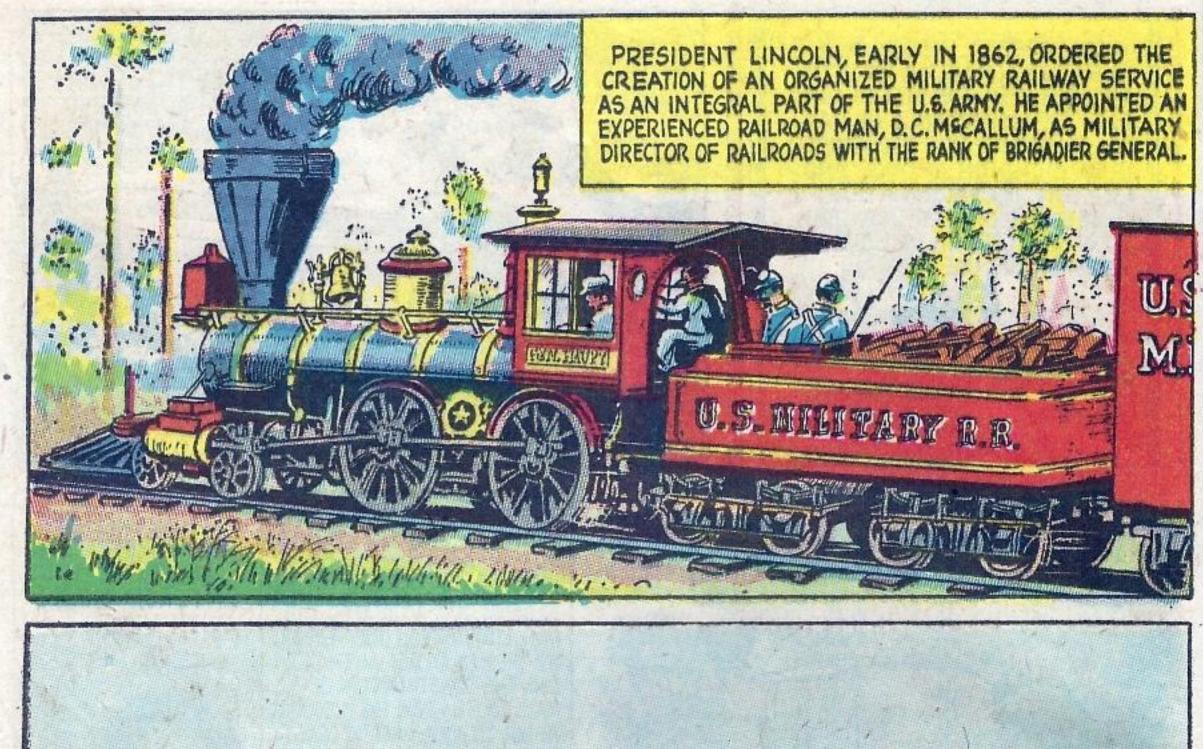




... AND MOVED HEAVY GUNS AND MORTARS UP TO THE BATTLE LINES.









POSSIBLE ON HIS TRIPS TO MILITARY HEADQUARTERS.
TRAVELING OVER QUICKLY REBUILT RAIL LINES...

