

Is there a problem with the Civil War Union Military service you plan to use to join the Sons of Union Veterans of the Civil War?

Using certain Missouri army service is a problem, because many do not qualify as being "Federally Recognized Service."

In 1902, the Federal Government decided what units were considered qualified for Pensions while others were not. In short, if your ancestor did not qualify because he was only in one of these units, you need to find another ancestor to qualify as more than an associate member of our organization.

To aid your efforts the following pages are provided ... YES means you can use that service and NO means you can't.

Pages 2 through 4 are a quick reference. The rest of the 30 pages are detailed and may provide some justification for your qualifications that the quick reference did not explain.

A TIME LINE OF UNION MILITARY UNITS IN MISSOURI

FEDERAL UNION MILITARY UNITS

YES

APRIL 15, 1861

THREE MONTHS MISSOURI MILITIA OR MISSOURI VOLUNTEERS

5 Regiments infantry, 1 Battalion light artillery, 1 Company pioneers

Authorized April 15, 1861—just two days after Fort Sumter surrendered—in response to President Lincoln's call for 75,000 militia men. In a separate communication to Missouri Governor Claiborne Fox Jackson, Lincoln called for 3,123 officers and enlisted men in four regiments. Governor Jackson refused, and on April 21 the Adjutant General ordered Captain Nathaniel Lyon to muster the four regiments.

YES

APRIL 30, 1861

UNITED STATES RESERVE CORPS (USRC), THREE MONTHS

5 Regiments infantry, 1 Company cavalry

On April 30, 1861, the President ordered Captain Lyon to enroll the loyal citizens of St. Louis and vicinity to maintain the authority of the U.S. and the safety of the citizens of St. Louis. With the Three Months Militia already authorized, the total number of troops to be enrolled was 10,000.

YES

MAY 3, 1861 (?)

MISSOURI VOLUNTEERS

Infantry, 1st to 51st Regiments; Artillery, 1st and 2nd Regiments; Cavalry, 1st to 16th Regiments;
Engineers, 1st and Bissell's Regiments (consolidated) 1861-1865

Specific authority for raising the volunteer regiments was unknown, but apparently organized following President's call for 42,034 volunteers on May 3, 1861. As early as May 24, 1861, Frank Blair, in correspondence with the Secretary of War, referred to "the four regiments assigned to Missouri for three years' service . . ."

In July 1864, Major General William S. Rosecrans, commanding the Department of the Missouri, requested additional troops because of unrest in north Missouri and the threat of a raid from Arkansas. On July 23, Rosecrans was authorized to recruit the necessary troops and on July 28, he issued General Orders, No. 134, which called for 9 regiments of 6 and 12 months volunteers.

YES

JUNE 11, 1861

HOME GUARDS

6 Regiments, 22 Battalions, 49 Independent Companies

On June 11, 1861, Secretary of War Simon Cameron authorized Brigadier General Nathaniel Lyon to "enlist in the service of the United States such loyal citizens of the State of Missouri as you think proper, who shall not receive pay except when called into active service by this Department." In June 1861, the state distributed 10,000 stands of arms to Home Guard units across the state. Disbanded by December 1861.

YES

AUGUST 12, 1861

UNITED STATES RESERVE CORPS (USRC), THREE YEARS

6 Regiments, 4 Battalions, 2 Companies

On August 12, 1861, Major General John C. Fremont issued instructions for the reorganization of the USRC as a volunteer force for the duration of the war. Fremont's plan called for 5 regiments of infantry with 2 companies in reserve for each regiment, 2 squadrons of cavalry, and 2 batteries of light artillery.

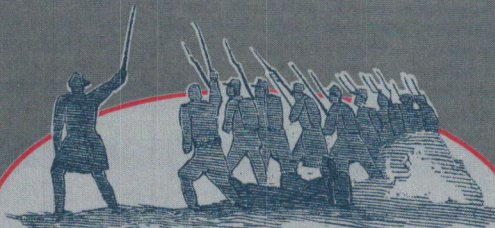
1861

1862

1863

1864

1865



DIVIDED LOYALTIES
CIVIL WAR DOCUMENTS FROM THE
MISSOURI STATE ARCHIVES

A TIME LINE OF UNION MILITARY UNITS IN MISSOURI

STATE UNION MILITARY UNITS

NO

**AUGUST 24, 1861
SIX MONTHS MISSOURI MILITIA**

5 Regiments, 11 Battalions, 10 Independent Companies (one cavalry and one artillery)

On August 24, 1861, Governor Hamilton R. Gamble proclaimed that "the powers of the civil authorities being insufficient to protect the lives and property of the citizens of the State," and called for the enrollment of 42,000 (10,000 cavalry and 32,000 infantry) militia men for a term of six months. General Orders, No. 1, issued the same day, set the quota for each military district at 6,000 (1,500 cavalry and 4,500 infantry).

Enlistment fell far short of Gamble's call. Only 6,185 officers and men actually enlisted. On January 14, 1862, General Orders, No. 2, conceded "the organization of the six months' militia entails great expense upon the State without any corresponding benefit" and ordered them disbanded on January 25, 1862.

YES

**NOVEMBER 7, 1861
MISSOURI STATE MILITIA (MSM)**

15 Regiments [14 cavalry; 1 infantry], 3 Battalions, 3 Companies

On November 7, 1861 the Adjutant General's Office in the War Department granted the state of Missouri the authority to organize a militia. On November 29, Brigadier General John M. Schofield, who had been appointed commander of all militias of the state, issued General Orders, No. 2, which provided instructions for the organization and muster of the Missouri State Militia. On February 13, 1862, Congress limited the number of MSM to 10,000. Because the number of troops already enrolled exceeded 13,000 the Adjutant General's Office reorganized and reduced the number of MSM troops.

On January 5, 1865, the War Department decided that the MSM troops, though mustered in for the duration of the war, would only be held for three years. On June 23, 1865, the Secretary of War ordered that all remaining MSM troops be discharged.

NO (see Note 1)

**JULY 22, 1862
ENROLLED MISSOURI MILITIA (EMM)**

89 Regiments, 11 Battalions, 10 Companies

On July 22, 1862, Special Orders, No. 101, directed Brigadier General John M. Schofield to organize the militia of the state. On the same day, Schofield issued orders calling for "an immediate organization of all the militia of Missouri . . . for the purpose of exterminating the guerrillas that infest our State." Within a month, the state issued orders that prohibited the enrollment of disloyal men or sympathizers of the rebellion in the militia.

On February 10, 1865, the General Assembly disbanded the Enrolled Missouri Militia, as well as the Provisional Enrolled Missouri Militia and the Provisional Companies of Enrolled Missouri Militia, effective March 12, 1865.

NO (see Note 2) PROVISIONAL ENROLLED MISSOURI MILITIA (PEMM)

FEBRUARY 3, 1863

11 Regiments, 1 Company

On February 3, 1863, the commanding generals of the military districts of the EMM were instructed to select from the already organized EMM, men "of approved loyalty and efficiency" for provisional companies of 80 noncommissioned officers and privates and three officers. Eleven provisional regiments and one company of the 26th Provisional Regiment were formed. On March 12, 1865, the provisional regiments were officially disbanded with the EMM by act of the General Assembly approved February 10, 1865.

NO

**AUGUST 25, 1863
CITIZENS GUARDS**

These were companies of citizens organized to protect their homes, usually against guerrillas, and perform other local service. In some cases, these groups were recognized as Enrolled Missouri Militia and were paid by the state, and, in some instances, they were paid by special legislation by Congress, but many were organized with no promise of pay and were never paid. On August 25, 1863, Major General John M. Schofield, commanding the Department of the Missouri, issued General Orders, No. 86, which allowed "all loyal and peaceable citizens in Missouri . . . to bear arms" in order "to protect themselves from violence, and to aid the troops when necessary . . ."

NO

**JUNE 28, 1864
PROVISIONAL COMPANIES OF ENROLLED MISSOURI MILITIA
[ALSO PROVISIONAL ENROLLED MILITIA]**

62 Companies

Because "plundering, robbery, and arson have prevailed everywhere to a certain extent," General Orders, No. 107, June 28, 1864 from the Headquarters, Department of the Missouri, urged the "People of Missouri" to establish township and county committees of public safety to advise district and department commanders and to select and organize from local EMM companies of about 100 men, "selected for courage, energy, and willingness to serve for the protection of your respective counties." Sixty-two companies were organized. Some remained in active service until March 12, 1865, when they were disbanded by the General Assembly.

NO

**JANUARY 30, 1865
MISSOURI MILITIA (GENERAL ORDERS, NO. 3)**

61 Companies

On January 30, 1865, in anticipation of the disbanding of the Enrolled Missouri Militia and Missouri State Militia and at the request of Major General Granville M. Dodge, commanding the Department of the Missouri, Governor Fletcher issued General Orders, No. 3. This order and subsequent orders called for the organization in the "disloyal counties, especially in those bordering on the Missouri River," of companies of from 83 to 101 men, to serve for no more than one year. The companies formed under this order were charged with "repressing lawlessness and to secure the safety of life and property to all good citizens, and to strengthen the hands of legal justice by enabling the officers of the law to execute its processes and judgments . . ."

The companies, subsisted by the federal government but paid by the state, "were generally engaged in guarding posts and lines of communication, doing escort duty and hunting guerrillas and bushwhackers" until they were relieved in June and July, 1865.

NO

**FEBRUARY 10, 1865
MISSOURI MILITIA**

100 regiments and 11 battalions

The Militia Act of 1865, revised by ordinance of the state convention, created a new Missouri Militia to consist of all male inhabitants of the state, including African Americans, between the ages of 18 and 45, with some exemptions. This militia was never called into service during the Civil War. However, on March 14, 1866, an ordinance empowered the Governor, when informed by a sheriff or other official "that the ordinary process of law cannot be executed in any county," to call to service thirty or more men, "armed and equipped as militia . . . to aid the officers of the law in the execution of their duties." Under these provisions, volunteer companies from the regular militia were called into active service in Jackson and Lafayette counties to combat "murderers and robbers, who defied the civil authority," and in Howell, Oregon and adjacent counties to oppose "organized bands of horse thieves, and other desperadoes, who had created a reign of terror in that section."

On March 21, 1868, the Missouri Militia was disbanded with the passage of the Militia Act of 1868.

1861

1862

1863

1864

1865

90 days Federal Service was needed to qualify for a Federal Pension, you could have 30 days in one unit and 60 in another and would qualify, so:

NOTE 1: 3 companies of the 1st Reg EMM and 4 companies of the 63rd EMM had 30 days of federal service.

NOTE 2: 6th & 7th Regiments P.E.M.M. became Federal 16th & 15th Missouri Cavalry, respectively, so all service in these two regiments qualify.

LISTS OF UNION ORGANIZATIONS.

LIST OF MISSOURI ORGANIZATIONS REGULARLY
MUSTERED INTO THE MILITARY SERVICE OF THE
UNITED STATES OR RECOGNIZED BY THE WAR
DEPARTMENT AS HAVING BEEN IN THAT SERVICE.^a

CAVALRY.

- First Regiment, Missouri State Militia.
First Battalion, Missouri State Militia, old. (Became Companies A to F, First Cavalry Regiment, Missouri State Militia.)
First Battalion, Missouri State Militia, new.
First Battalion, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service. (Also known as Hollan Horse; consolidated with Fourth and Fifth Cavalry regiments, three years' volunteers.)
First Regiment, three years' volunteers.
First Battalion, three years' volunteers. (Bowen's Battalion.)
First Battalion, Western Cavalry, three years' volunteers. (Also known as Frémont Hussars; became part of Fourth Cavalry, three years' volunteers.)
Second Regiment, Missouri State Militia.
Second Battalion, Missouri State Militia, old. (Consolidated with Fourth and Eighth Cavalry regiments, Missouri State Militia.)
Second Battalion, Missouri State Militia, new.
Second Regiment, three years' volunteers. (Also known as Merrill's Horse.)
Third Regiment, Missouri State Militia, old. (Consolidated with Sixth and Seventh Cavalry regiments, Missouri State Militia.)^b
Third Regiment, Missouri State Militia, new.
Third Battalion, Missouri State Militia. (Became part of Third Cavalry Regiment, old, Missouri State Militia.)
Third Regiment, three years' volunteers.
Fourth Regiment, Missouri State Militia.
Fourth Battalion, Missouri State Militia. (One company transferred to First Infantry Regiment, Missouri State Militia; remainder became First Cavalry Battalion, Missouri State Militia, new.)
Fourth Regiment, three years' volunteers.
Fifth Regiment, Missouri State Militia, old.^c

^aThe Missouri State Militia, although not actually in the military service of the United States, has a status so nearly assimilated to that of troops in the United States service that it has been included in this list. For information as to the status of the Missouri State Militia, see narrative statement, p. 21.

^bThis regiment was broken up February 2, 1863, and on the same date the Tenth was designated the Third Cavalry, Missouri State Militia.

^cThis regiment was discontinued February 2, 1863, and on the same date the Thirteenth was designated the Fifth Cavalry, Missouri State Militia.

- Fifth Regiment, Missouri State Militia, new.
- Fifth Battalion, Missouri State Militia. (Consolidated with Sixth Cavalry Regiment and Sixth Cavalry Battalion, Missouri State Militia.)
- Fifth Regiment, three years' volunteers. (Consolidated with Fourth Cavalry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Fifth Independent Battalion, three years' volunteers. (Also known as Berry's Battalion.)
- Sixth Regiment, Missouri State Militia.
- Sixth Battalion, Missouri State Militia. (Also known as Boonville Battalion; consolidated with Thirteenth Cavalry, and First Infantry, Missouri State Militia.)
- Sixth Regiment, Provisional Enrolled Missouri Militia, twenty months. (Became the Sixteenth Cavalry, twenty months' volunteers.)
- Sixth Regiment, three years' volunteers.
- Seventh Regiment, Missouri State Militia.
- Seventh Battalion, Missouri State Militia. (Became a part of the Second Cavalry Regiment, Missouri State Militia.)
- Seventh Regiment, Provisional Enrolled Missouri Militia, twenty months. (Became the Fifteenth Cavalry Regiment, twenty months' volunteers.)
- Seventh Regiment, three years' volunteers.
- Eighth Regiment, Missouri State Militia.
- Eighth Battalion, Missouri State Militia. (Became part of Fourth Cavalry Regiment, Missouri State Militia.)
- Eighth Regiment, three years' volunteers.
- Ninth Regiment, Missouri State Militia.
- Ninth Battalion, Missouri State Militia. (Became part of Fifth Cavalry Regiment, old, Missouri State Militia.)
- Ninth Regiment, three years' volunteers. (Transferred to Third and Tenth Cavalry Regiments, three years' volunteers.)
- Tenth Regiment, Missouri State Militia.^a
- Tenth Battalion, Missouri State Militia. (Became part of Tenth Cavalry Regiment, Missouri State Militia.)
- Tenth Regiment, three years' volunteers.
- Eleventh Regiment, Missouri State Militia. (Consolidated with the Second Cavalry Regiment, Missouri State Militia.)
- Eleventh Battalion, Missouri State Militia. (Became part of Twelfth Cavalry Regiment, Missouri State Militia.)
- Eleventh Regiment, three years' volunteers.
- Twelfth Regiment, Missouri State Militia. (Consolidated with the Third, new, and Fifth Cavalry regiments, Missouri State Militia.)
- Twelfth Regiment, three years' volunteers.
- Thirteenth Regiment, Missouri State Militia.^b
- Thirteenth Regiment, three years' volunteers.^c
- Fourteenth Regiment Missouri, State Militia. (Also known as Mountain or Mounted Rangers; consolidated with the Fourth and Eighth Cavalry regiments, Missouri State Militia.)

^aOn February 2, 1863, this regiment was designated the Third Cavalry, new, Missouri State Militia, the original Third Cavalry having been broken up on that date.

^bOn February 2, 1863, this regiment was designated the Fifth Cavalry, new, Missouri State Militia, the original Fifth Cavalry having been discontinued on that date.

^cThis regiment was composed of veteran volunteers reenlisted from the Missouri State Militia regiments.

- Fourteenth Regiment, three years' volunteers.^a
- Fifteenth Regiment, twenty months' volunteers.
- Sixteenth Regiment, twenty months' volunteers.
- Benton Hussars. (Became part of the Fifth Cavalry, three years' volunteers.)
- Berry's Battalion. (Fifth Independent Battalion, three years' volunteers.)
- Black Hawk Battalion. (Became part of the Seventh Cavalry, three years' volunteers.)
- Boonville Battalion. (Sixth Cavalry Battalion, Missouri State Militia.)
- Bowen's Battalion. (Also known as First Battalion, three years' volunteers; became part of Ninth Cavalry, three years' volunteers.)
- Burris's Unattached Company. (Became Company I, First Cavalry Regiment, Missouri State Militia.)
- Cass County Home Guard Regiment, three years' volunteers.
- Dade County Squadron, Captain Switzler. (Company A, Frémont Battalion.)
- Dade County Squadron, Captain Wright. (Company D, Frémont Battalion.)
- Frémont Battalion. (Became part of Sixth Cavalry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Frémont's Body Guard Battalion, three years' volunteers.
- Frémont Hussars. (First Western Cavalry Battalion, three years' volunteers.)
- Frémont Rangers, *Illinois*. (Became part of Third Cavalry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Goerisch's Company. (Cavalry Company L, Second Infantry Regiment, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service; became Company B, First Cavalry Battalion, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service.)
- Hawkins's Independent Company. (Became Company F, Sixth Cavalry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Hawk's Independent Company. (Attached to Twenty-second Infantry Battalion, three years' volunteers; became Company I, Seventh Cavalry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Hollan Horse. (First Cavalry Battalion, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service.)
- Humphrey's Independent Company. (Attached to the Eighteenth Infantry Regiment; became Company M, Seventh Cavalry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Johnson's Unattached Company. (Became Company L, First Cavalry Regiment, Missouri State Militia.)
- Kaltenbach's Company. (Cavalry Company L, Fifth Infantry Regiment, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service; became Company C, First Cavalry Battalion, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service.)
- Kansas Rangers. (Also known as Mounted Rangers; became part of Union Rangers.)
- Loring's Independent Company. (Attached to Eighteenth Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers; became Company K, Seventh Cavalry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)

^a This regiment was partially composed of veteran volunteers reenlisted from the Missouri State Militia regiments.

- Love's Independent Company. (Attached to Eighteenth Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers; became Company L, Seventh Cavalry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Melter's Company. (Attached to First Infantry Regiment, United States Reserve Corps, three months' service.)
- Melter's Company, Dragoons, First Infantry, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service. (Became Company A, First Cavalry Battalion, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service.)
- Merrill's Horse. (Second Cavalry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Mounted or Mountain Rangers. (Fourteenth Cavalry Regiment, Missouri State Militia.)
- Mounted Rangers. (Kansas Rangers.)
- Peery's Unattached Company. (Became Company K, First Cavalry Regiment, Missouri State Militia.)
- Prairie Scouts. (Companies C and L, First Cavalry Regiment, three years' volunteers, and Naughton's Irish Dragoons, Twenty-third *Illinois* Regiment.)
- Red Rovers. (Became Company I, Tenth Cavalry Regiment, Missouri State Militia.)
- Schofield Hussars. (Became Company I, Thirteenth Cavalry Regiment, Missouri State Militia.)
- Siegler's Company. (Cavalry Company L, Third Infantry Regiment, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service; became Company E, First Cavalry Battalion, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service.)
- Smallwood's Company, Scouts and Guides, three months' volunteers.
- Sobolaski's Independent Company of Lancers, three years' volunteers.
- Stewart's Battalion, three years' volunteers.
- Union Rangers. (Part of Wood's Battalion, three years' volunteers.)
- Warren County Battalion. (Part of Tenth Cavalry Regiment, Missouri State Militia.)
- Wenkel's Company. (Cavalry Company M, Fifth Infantry Regiment, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service; became Company D, First Cavalry Battalion, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service.)
- Winter's Independent Company. (Attached to Twenty-second Infantry Battalion, three years' volunteers; became Company H, Seventh Cavalry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Wood's Battalion, three years' volunteers. (Consolidated with the Sixth Cavalry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)

ARTILLERY.

- First Battery, Missouri State Militia.
- First Regiment, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service.^a (Became Second Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- First Regiment, Light, three years' volunteers.
- First Flying Battery, three years' volunteers. (Company F, Second Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Second Regiment, three years' volunteers.^b

^aThis regiment was composed of 12 companies of heavy artillery and 3 light batteries.

^bThis regiment was originally composed of 12 companies of heavy artillery and 3 light batteries. By reorganization it became a light-artillery regiment, composed of 12 batteries.

- Arthur's Battery. (Battery G, Second Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Atwater's Battery. (Battery E, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Backof's Battalion, three months' militia, 1861.
- Backof's Battery. (Schofield Light Artillery, Missouri State Militia.)
- Backof's Battalion, Light Artillery, three years' volunteers.^a
- Backof's Battery. (Schofield Light Artillery, three years' volunteers.)
- Boardman's Battery. (Battery M, Second Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Buel's Battery. (Became Bulliss's Battery, Light Artillery, three years' volunteers.)
- Bulliss's Battery. (Originally Buel's; became Sheldon's Battery, Light Artillery, three years' volunteers.)
- Burke's Battery. (Battery K, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Callahan's Battery. (Battery H, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Callender's Battery. (Battery D, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Cavender's Battery. (Battery G, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Cole's Battery. (Battery E, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Confare's Battery. (Battery K, Second Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Essig's Battery. (Battery A, Backof's Artillery Battalion, three months' militia, 1861.)
- Fish's Batteries. (Batteries A, K, and M, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Flagg's Battery. (Battery E, Second Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Foust's Battery. (Battery F, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Fuchs's Batteries. (Battery L, subsequently I, and Battery C, Second Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Hescock's Battery. (Battery G, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Jackson's Battery. (Battery G, Second Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Johnson's Battery, Horse Artillery. (Became Johnson's Company, Unattached Cavalry, Missouri State Militia.)
- Joyce's Battery. (A temporary organization formed of men detached from the Tenth Cavalry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Julian's Battery. (Battery I, Second Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Knispel's Battery. (A temporary organization formed of men detached from the Fourth Cavalry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Kowald's Battery. (Organization not completed: men mustered out or transferred to Schwartz's Battery, *Illinois* Artillery.)

^aThis battalion was composed of two independent batteries, viz, Weltley's and Mann's.

- Landgraeber's Battery. (First Flying Battery; originally Pfennig-hausen's; became Battery F, Second Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Lovejoy's Howitzer Battery. (A temporary organization formed of men detached from various companies of the Second Cavalry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- McClanahan's Battery. (A temporary organization formed of men detached from the Second Cavalry Regiment, Missouri State Militia.)
- McMurray's Batteries. (Battery L, First, and Battery L, Second Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Mann's Battery. (Battery B, Backof's Artillery Battalion, three years' volunteers; became Battery C, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Manter's Battery. (Battery A, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Marr's Batteries. (Batteries K and M, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Matthaei's Battery. (Battery C, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Maurice's Batteries. (Batteries B and K, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Miller's Battery. (Battery I, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Montgomery's Battery. (Battery H, Second Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Murphy's Battery. (Battery F, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Neustaedter's Battery. (Battery C, Backof's Artillery Battalion, three months' militia, 1861.)
- Nichols's Battery. (Battery E, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Pfennighausen's Battery. (First Independent Battery, Flying Artillery; became Landgraeber's First Independent Battery, Flying Artillery.)
- Powell's Battery. (Battery M, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Randol's Battery. (Battery L, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Richardson's Battery. (Battery D, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Riemann's Battery. (Battery A, First Artillery Regiment, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service; subsequently Battery L, Second Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Rinne's Battery. (Battery C, Second Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Rowland's Battery. (Battery K, Second Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Schaerff's Battery. (Battery D, Second Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Schofield's Battery. (Battery A, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Schofield Light Artillery, Missouri State Militia.
- Schofield Light Artillery, three years' volunteers. (Became Battery L, First Light Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)

- Schwarz's Battery. (Battery E, Second Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Sheldon's Battery. (Previously Buel's and Bulliss's; became Battery I, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Simonton's Battery. (Battery B, Second Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Stange's Batteries. (Battery C, First Artillery Regiment, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service, and Batteries E and M, Second Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Stone's Batteries. (Batteries C and K, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Strodtman's Batteries. (Batteries A and G, Second Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Sutter's Battery. (Battery B, Second Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Tannrath's Battery. (Battery I, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Thurber's Batteries. (First Battery, Missouri State Militia—originally Wachsmann's—and Battery L, Second Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Thurneck's Battery. (Battery B, First Artillery Regiment, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service.)
- Tiemeyer's Battery. (Battery M, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Troll's Battery. (Battery A, Second Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Voelkner's Battery. (Battery F, Second Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Wachsmann's Battery. (First Battery, Missouri State Militia, and Battery A, Second Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Wellfley's Battery. (Battery A, Backof's Artillery Battalion, three years' volunteers; became Battery B, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Welker's Battery. (Battery H, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Wilkins's Battery. (Battery B, Backof's Artillery Battalion, three months' militia, 1861.)
- Yates's Battery. (Battery H, First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)

INFANTRY.

- First Regiment, three months' militia, 1861. (Also known as German Turners; composed of 12 companies, 2 of which were known as Companies A and B, Rifle Battalion.)
- First Regiment, Missouri State Militia.
- First Regiment, Enrolled Missouri Militia. (Three companies in United States service thirty days in 1864.)
- First Regiment, United States Reserve Corps, three months' service. (Composed of 12 companies.)
- First Regiment, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service.
- First Regiment, three years' volunteers. (Became First Artillery Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- First Regiment, Rifles. (Eleventh Infantry, three years' volunteers.)

- First Northeast Battalion, three years' volunteers.^a
 Second Regiment, three months' militia, 1861.
 Second Regiment, United States Reserve Corps, three months' service.
 Second Regiment, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service.
 Second Regiment, three years' volunteers. (Also known as Asboth Rifles.)
 Second Northeast Battalion, three years' volunteers.^a
 Second Regiment, Rifles. (Twelfth Infantry, three years' volunteers.)
 Third Regiment, three months' militia, 1861. (Composed of 12 companies, 2 of which were known as Companies A and B, Rifle Battalion.)
 Third Regiment, United States Reserve Corps, three months' service.
 Third Regiment, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service. (Consolidated with the Gasconade County Infantry Battalion, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service, to form the Fourth Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
 Third Regiment, three years' volunteers.
 Fourth Regiment, three months' militia, 1861. (Also known as Schwarze or Black Jager Regiment; composed of 12 companies, 2 of which were known as Companies L and M, Rifle Battalion.)
 Fourth Regiment, United States Reserve Corps, three months' service. (Composed of 12 companies, 2 of which were known as Companies L and M, Rifle Battalion.)
 Fourth Regiment, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service.
 Fourth Regiment, three years' volunteers.
 Fifth Regiment, three months' militia, 1861.
 Fifth Regiment, United States Reserve Corps, three months' service.
 Fifth Regiment, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service. (Became the Fifth Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
 Fifth Regiment, three years' volunteers.
 Sixth Regiment, three years' volunteers.
 Seventh Regiment, three years' volunteers. (Also known as Irish Seventh.)
 Eighth Regiment, three years' volunteers. (Also known as American Zouaves.)
 Ninth Regiment, three years' volunteers. (Also known as Zouaves; became Fifty-ninth *Illinois* Infantry.)
 Tenth Regiment, three years' volunteers.
 Eleventh Regiment, three years' volunteers. (Also known as First Regiment, Rifles.)
 Twelfth Regiment, three years' volunteers. (Also known as Second Regiment, Rifles.)
 Thirteenth Regiment, three years' volunteers, old. (Also known as Upper Thirteenth; became Twenty-fifth Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
 Thirteenth Regiment, three years' volunteers, new. (Became Twenty-second *Ohio* Volunteers.)
 Fourteenth Regiment, three years' volunteers. (Also known as Birge's or Western Sharpshooters; became Sixty-sixth *Illinois* Infantry.)
 Fifteenth Regiment, three years' volunteers. (Also known as Swiss Rifles.)

^aThe First and Second Northeast battalions mentioned in this list were consolidated to form the Twenty-first Missouri Infantry, three years' volunteers. They are separate and distinct from the organizations of the same designations mentioned in the list of Home Guard organizations paid through the agency of the Hawkins Taylor Commission.

- Sixteenth Regiment, three years' volunteers. (Organization not completed: Company A became Company A. Twenty-seventh Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers; the remaining members of the regiment were assigned to *Illinois* regiments.)
- Seventeenth Regiment, three years' volunteers. (Also known as Western Turner Rifles.)
- Eighteenth Regiment, three years' volunteers. (Also known as Morgan Rangers.)
- Nineteenth Regiment, three years' volunteers. (Also known as Lyon Regiment; 4 companies organized; consolidated with Third Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Twenty-first Regiment, three years' volunteers.^a
- Twenty-second Battalion, three years' volunteers. (Consolidated with Tenth and Twenty-fourth Infantry Regiments, three years' volunteers.)
- Twenty-third Regiment, three years' volunteers.
- Twenty-fourth Regiment, three years' volunteers. (Also known as Lyon Legion.)
- Twenty-fifth Regiment, three years' volunteers. (Consolidated with the Engineer Regiment of the West to form the First Engineer Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Twenty-sixth Regiment, three years' volunteers.
- Twenty-seventh Regiment, three years' volunteers.
- Twenty-seventh Regiment, Mounted Infantry, three years' volunteers. (Also known as Johnson County Home Guards.)
- Twenty-eighth Regiment, three years' volunteers. (Organization not completed; changed to form Tenth Cavalry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Twenty-ninth Regiment, three years' volunteers.
- Thirtieth Regiment, three years' volunteers. (Also known as Shamrock Regiment.)
- Thirty-first Regiment, three years' volunteers.^b
- Thirty-second Regiment, three years' volunteers.^b
- Thirty-third Regiment, three years' volunteers. (Also known as Merchants' Regiment.)
- Thirty-fourth Regiment, three years' volunteers. (Organization not completed; consolidated with Thirtieth Regiment.)
- Thirty-fifth Regiment, three years' volunteers.
- Thirty-sixth Regiment, three years' volunteers. (Organization not completed; consolidated with Thirty-second Infantry, three years' volunteers.)
- Thirty-seventh Regiment, three years' volunteers. (Organization not completed; one officer mustered in and out of service; no record of enlisted men.)
- Thirty-eighth Regiment, three years' volunteers. (Organization not completed; officers mustered out; no record of enlisted men.)
- Thirty-ninth Regiment, six and twelve months' volunteers.

^a The Twentieth Regiment was not organized. The Twenty-first Regiment was formed by consolidation of the First and Second Northeast Infantry battalions, three years' volunteers.

^b The Thirty-first and Thirty-second Infantry, three years' volunteers, were consolidated into a battalion known as the Consolidated Battalion, Thirty-first and Thirty-second Missouri Volunteers, subsequently designated the Thirty-second Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers.

- Fortieth Regiment, twelve months' volunteers.
 Forty-first Regiment, twelve months' volunteers.
 Forty-second Regiment, six and twelve months' volunteers.
 Forty-third Regiment, twelve months' volunteers.
 Forty-fourth Regiment, six and twelve months' volunteers.
 Forty-fifth Regiment, six and twelve months' volunteers.
 Forty-sixth Regiment, six months' volunteers.
 Forty-seventh Regiment, six months' volunteers.
 Forty-eighth Regiment, six and twelve months' volunteers.
 Forty-ninth Regiment, twelve months' volunteers.
 Fiftieth Regiment, six and twelve months' volunteers.
 Fifty-first Regiment, twelve months' volunteers.^a
 Sixty-third Regiment, Enrolled Missouri Militia. (Four companies in United States service in 1864.)
 American Zouaves. (Eighth Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
 Asboth Rifles. (Second Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
 Bayles's Independent Company, Rifles, three months' militia, 1861. (Also known as Lyon Guard.)
 Benton Cadets (regiment), three years' volunteers.
 Birge's Sharpshooters. (Fourteenth Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
 Black Jager. (Fourth Infantry Regiment, three months' militia, 1861.)
 Byrne's Unattached Company, Missouri State Militia. (Became Company A, First Infantry Regiment, Missouri State Militia.)
 Dietrich's Independent Company, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service.
 Gasconade County Battalion, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service. (Consolidated with the Third Infantry Regiment, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service, to form the Fourth Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
 German Turners. (First Infantry Regiment, three months' militia.)
 Holman's Battalion (sharpshooters), three years' volunteers. (Consolidated with the Twenty-sixth Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
 Irish Seventh. (Seventh Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
 Kansas City Battalion, United States Reserve Corps. (Van Horn's Battalion, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service.)
 Kendrick Guards. (Company I, First Infantry Regiment, Missouri State Militia.)
 King's Independent Company A, Railroad Patrol Guard, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service. (Also known as Railroad Patrol Guard.)
 Kregel's Battalion, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service.
 Lyon Guard. (Bayles's Independent Company, Rifles, three months' militia, 1861.)
 Lyon Legion. (Twenty-fourth Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
 Lyon Regiment. (Nineteenth Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)

^a Recruiting was begun for the Fifty-second to the Fifty-sixth Regiment, inclusive, but none of these regiments was completed, and the recruits were assigned to the Fifty-first Regiment.

- Marion Battalion, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service. (Companies C and D became Companies D and C, respectively, of the Twenty-second Infantry Battalion, three years' volunteers. See also Marion County organization, Home Guards.)
- Merchants' Regiment. (Thirty-third Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Morgan Rangers. (Eighteenth Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Osterhaus's Battalion, three months' militia, 1861. (Also known as Rifle Battalion; attached to Second Regiment, three months' militia.)
- Phelps's Regiment, six months' volunteers.
- Railroad Patrol Guard. (King's Independent Company, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service.)
- Schwarze Jager. (Fourth Infantry Regiment, three months' militia, 1861.)
- Shamrock Regiment. (Thirtieth Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Swiss Rifles. (Fifteenth Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Upper Thirteenth. (Thirteenth Infantry Regiment, old, three years' volunteers.)
- Van Horn's Battalion, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service. (Also known as Kansas City Battalion, United States Reserve Corps.)
- Western Sharpshooters. (Fourteenth Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Western Turner Rifles. (Seventeenth Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)
- Zouaves. (Ninth Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)

ENGINEERS.

- First Regiment, three years' volunteers.
- Engineer Regiment of the West, three years' volunteers. (Consolidated with the Twenty-fifth Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers, to form the First Engineer Regiment, three years' volunteers.)

PIONEERS.

- Voerster's Independent Company, three months' militia, 1861.

PIONEERS, SAPPERS AND MINERS.

- Gerster's Company A, three years' volunteers. (Became Company H, Fifth Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)

PONTONIERS.

- Winklemair's Company, three years' volunteers. (Became Company K, Fifth Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)

SAPPERS AND MINERS.

- Balz's Company, three years' volunteers.
- Veith's Company, Missouri State Militia. (Became Company H, First Infantry Regiment, Missouri State Militia.)

SAPPERS, MINERS, AND PONTONIERS.

Voerster's Company, three years' volunteers. (Became Company I, Fifth Infantry Regiment, three years' volunteers.)

TELEGRAPH CORPS.

Smith's Company, three years' volunteers.

HOME GUARDS, 1861.

[Called into active service and paid through the agency of the Hawkins Taylor Commission.]

First Regiment, Northeast Missouri, consisting of 4 cavalry and 12 infantry companies.

First Regiment, United States Reserve Corps. (Also known as Union Home Guards, and Cole County Home Guards.)

Second Regiment, Northeast Missouri. (Also known as Knox County Home Guards.)

Fourteenth Battalion, Missouri Volunteers.

Fifteenth Battalion, United States Reserve Corps. (Also known as Polk County Home Guards.)

Adair County Company. (Shibley's Point Home Guards.)

Adair County Company, commanded by Capt. James E. Gordon.

Alexandria Home Guard Cavalry. (Company C, First Northeast Missouri Regiment.)

Benton County Battalion, commanded by Col. Henry Imhauser. (Also known as German Battalion.)

Boonville Battalion Reserve Corps, commanded by Maj. Joseph A. Eppstein.

Boonville Reserve Corps, Independent Company A, commanded by Capt. Joseph A. Eppstein.

Boonville Company, commanded by Capt. Frederick W. Becker.

Brookfield Company, commanded by Capt. Watson E. Crandall. (Also known as Independent Company A, Missouri Reserve Corps. See Linn County Company.)

Caldwell County Company, commanded by Capt. Moses L. James.

Caldwell County Company, commanded by Capt. Ed. D. Johnson.

Caldwell County Company (cavalry), commanded by Capt. Washington T. Fillson.

Caldwell County Independent Company, commanded by Capt. James R. Murphy. (Shoal Creek Rangers.)

Cape Girardeau County Battalion, commanded by Maj. George H. Cramer.

Cape Girardeau Battalion, commanded by Lieut. Col. Lindsay Murdoch. (Also known as Frémont Rangers Battalion.)

Carondelet Company, United States Reserve Corps, commanded by Capt. Henry Nagel. (Also known as United States Reserve Corps, Independent Company A; became Company F, Fifth Infantry Regiment, United States Reserve Corps, three years' service.)

Cass County Company, commanded by Capt. Aaron Thomas.

Christian County. (See Greene and Christian Counties organization.)

Clinton County Company, commanded by Capt. William A. Edgar.

Clinton County Company, commanded by Capt. Hugh L. W. Rogers.

Cole County Regiment, commanded by Col. Allen P. Richardson. (First United States Reserve Corps, Home Guards.)

Dade County Company, commanded by Capt. Theodore A. Switzler. (Also known as Frémont Rangers.)

- Dallas County Battalion, commanded by Col. William B. Edwards.
- De Soto Company, commanded by Capt. Allen Cook. (Also known as Jefferson County Company.)
- Douglas County Company (cavalry), commanded by Capt. John S. Upshaw.
- Franklin County Battalion, commanded by Maj. William C. Inks. (Pacific City Battalion.)
- Franklin County Battalion, Reserve Corps, commanded by Col. James W. Owens.
- Frémont Rangers, Independent Company, commanded by Capt. William J. Budd.
- Frémont Rangers Battalion. (Cape Girardeau Battalion.)
- Frémont Rangers. (Dade County Company.)
- Gasconade County Battalion, commanded by Lieut. Col. Julius Hundhausen.
- Gasconade County Battalion, commanded by Col. James A. Matthews.
- Gentry County Battalion, commanded by Col. Manlove Cranor.
- German Battalion. (Benton County Battalion.)
- Greene County Company, commanded by Capt. Colley B. Holland.
- Greene and Christian Counties organization, consisting of 14 companies, commanded by Col. John S. Phelps.
- Harrison County Regiment, commanded by Col. Henry O. Nevill.
- Hickory County Battalion, commanded by Maj. J. B. Hastain.
- Jefferson County Company. (De Soto Company.)
- Johnson County Regiment, commanded by Col. James D. Eads.^a
- Johnson County Company, commanded by Capt. John P. McCluney.
- Knox County Regiment. (Second Regiment, Northeast Missouri Home Guards.)
- Lawrence County Battalion, commanded by Col. James C. Martin.
- Lawrence County Cavalry Company, commanded by Capt. Peter F. Clark.
- Lawrence County Company. (Stone Prairie Company.)
- Lexington County Company, commanded by Capt. Frederick R. Neet. (Company K, Fourteenth Battalion, Home Guards.)
- Linn County Company, commanded by Capt. Robert McCollum.
- Linn County Company. (Brookfield Company.)
- Livingston County Company, commanded by Capt. Peter Sutliff.
- Marion County organization, consisting of Company A, commanded by Capt. Joseph Loomis, and Company B, commanded by Capt. Louis Souther.^b
- Missouri Reserve Corps, Independent Company A. (Brookfield Company.)
- Moniteau County Company, commanded by Capt. John F. Pothoff.
- Nodaway County Battalion, commanded by Col. William J. W. Bickett.
- Osage County Battalion, commanded by Maj. Chesley Glover.
- Osage County Company B, Independent, commanded by Capt. John B. Cooper.

^a Only the field and staff of this regiment were paid by the Hawkins Taylor Commission. The regiment became the Twenty-seventh Mounted Infantry, three years' volunteers.

^b It appears that there were four companies organized under the command of Maj. Josiah Hunt, but only Companies A and B were paid by the Hawkins Taylor Commission. Companies C and D became Companies D and C, respectively, of the Twenty-second Infantry Battalion, three years' volunteers.

- Osage and Hickory County organization, consisting of 17 companies, commanded by Col. Joseph W. McClurg.
- Ozark County Company, commanded by Capt. W. F. Martindale.
- Ozark County Company, United States Reserve Corps Cavalry, commanded by Capt. Thomas B. S. Stone. (Also known as United States Reserve Corps, Company A, Ozark County.)
- Pacific City Battalion. (See Franklin County Battalion.)
- Pettis County Company, commanded by Capt. William H. Burke.
- Pettis County Company, commanded by Capt. John P. Thatcher.
- Pettis County Detachment, Company A, commanded by Capt. Samuel Montgomery.
- Phelps County Company, commanded by Capt. William Wenzel.
- Phelps County Company, commanded by Capt. John W. Bennight.
- Pike County Battalion, commanded by Col. George W. Anderson.
- Pilot Knob Company, commanded by Capt. Ferdinand Schmitz.
- Polk County Battalion. (Fifteenth United States Reserve Corps.)
- Potosi County Company, commanded by Capt. George R. French.
- Putnam County Company, commanded by Capt. James G. Gyles.
- Putnam County Company, commanded by Capt. Hugh Roberts.
- Putnam County Company, commanded by Capt. William H. Bogle.
- Putnam County Company, commanded by Capt. Sylvester S. Collins.
- Putnam County Company. (Shawneetown Company.)
- Schuyler County Company, commanded by Capt. William H. Bolander.
- Scott County Battalion, United States Reserve Corps, commanded by Maj. Daniel Abbey.
- Scouts and Guides, Independent Company, commanded by Capt. William J. Budd.^a
- Shawneetown Company, commanded by Capt. James Ewing. (See Putnam County Company.)
- Shelby County Company, United States Reserve Corps, commanded by Capt. Joseph H. Forman.
- Shibley's Point Company, commanded by Capt. Jacob R. Cook. (See Adair County Company.)
- Shoal Creek Rangers, commanded by Capt. James R. Murphy. (See Caldwell County Independent Company.)
- Spies, Scouts, and Messengers, Independent Company, commanded by Capt. John M. Richardson.^a
- St. Charles County Regiment, commanded by Col. Arnold Krekel.
- Stone County Battalion, commanded by Col. Asa G. Smith.
- Stone County Company, Independent, commanded by Capt. James M. Moore.
- Stone Prairie Company, commanded by Capt. John Sexton. (Also known as Lawrence County Company.)
- Sullivan County Company, commanded by Capt. Victor Doze.
- Sullivan County Company, commanded by Capt. James W. Cooper.
- Sullivan County Company, commanded by Capt. William S. Meals.
- Sullivan County Company, commanded by Capt. Aaron P. Connaughty.
- Union Home Guards. (First United States Reserve Corps.)
- United States Reserve Corps, Independent Company A. (Carondelet Company.)
- United States Reserve Corps Cavalry, Company A, Ozark County. (Ozark County Company.)
- Webster County Battalion, commanded by Col. Noah H. Hampton.

^a Though not Home Guards, this company was paid on the report of the Hawkins Taylor Commission.

LIST OF MISSOURI ORGANIZATIONS OF MILITIA, CITIZEN GUARDS, AND MARINE CORPS NOT IN THE MILITARY SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES.^a

SIX MONTHS' MILITIA.^b

First Battalion (Albin's).
Second Battalion (Cox's).
Third Regiment (Dallmeyer's).
Third Battalion (Joseph's).
Fourth Regiment (Simpson's).
Fourth Battalion (Thompson's).
Fifth Regiment (Fagg's).
Sixth Regiment (Cranor's).
Sixth Battalion (Burriss's).
Seventh Battalion (Harrison County).
Albin's Battalion. (Also known as First Battalion.)
Brewer's Independent Company. (Attached to Simpson's Regiment.)
Burriss's Battalion. (Also known as Sixth Battalion.)
Castleman's Independent Company. (Attached to Washington County
Battalion.)
Cox's Battalion. (Also known as Second Battalion.)
Cochran's Independent Company C.
Cranor's Regiment. (Also known as Sixth Regiment.)
Dallmeyer's Regiment. (Also known as Third Regiment.)
Fagg's Regiment. (Also known as Fifth Regiment.)
Fenwick's Independent Company. (Attached to Simpson's Regiment.)
Grundy County Battalion, commanded by Lieut. Col. Walter King.
Harrison County Battalion, commanded by Maj. J. W. Caseboth.
(Also known as Seventh Battalion.)
James's Battalion.
Joseph's Battalion. (Also known as Third Battalion.)
Kimball's Regiment.
Leg's Independent Company.
Man's Independent Company.

^aThis list was compiled from the official reports of the adjutant-general of the State of Missouri, the records of the War Department, and the rolls filed in the office of the Auditor for the War Department upon which the State was reimbursed for expenses incurred in the organization and maintenance of its militia. Although based upon such data as are accessible to the War Department, it is possible that it does not include some organizations that were in the State service, and it is known that it does not include some organizations of Citizen and Home Guards which were not recognized either as militia of the State or as in the service of the United States. The records of these organizations are very meager, especially of those formed in 1861 which were not paid through the agency of the Hawkins Taylor Commission.

^bThe rolls upon which the State was reimbursed for expenses incurred are filed in the office of the Auditor for the War Department.

Mercer County Battalion, commanded by Lieut. Col. James J. Clark.
 Murdock's Independent Company.
 Rice's Independent Company, Light Artillery. (Attached to Fagg's Regiment.)
 Richardson's Battalion.
 Simpson's Regiment. (Also known as Fourth Regiment.)
 Thompson's Battalion. (Also known as Fourth Battalion.)
 Turley's Independent Company.
 Washington County Battalion, commanded by Lieut. Col. F. B. Elmer.
 Wayne County Cavalry Company, commanded by Capt. P. L. Powers.

ENROLLED MISSOURI MILITIA.^a

First Regiment.^b
 First St. Louis County Cavalry Battalion.
 Second to Thirteenth Regiment, inclusive.
 Sixteenth and Seventeenth regiments.
 Nineteenth and Twentieth regiments.
 Twenty-second to Twenty-fourth Regiment, inclusive.
 Twenty-fifth Regiment, including an attached battalion of 3 additional companies.
 Twenty-sixth Regiment.
 Twenty-seventh Regiment, including an additional attached company.
 Twenty-eighth Regiment, including an attached battalion of 2 additional companies.
 Twenty-ninth to Thirty-ninth Regiment, inclusive.
 Fortieth Regiment, including an attached battalion of 3 additional companies.
 Forty-first and Forty-second regiments.
 Forty-third Regiment, including an attached battalion of 2 additional companies.
 Forty-fourth Regiment, including an attached battalion of 2 additional companies.
 Forty-fifth to Fifty-ninth Regiment, inclusive.
 Sixtieth Regiment, including an attached battalion of 2 additional companies.
 Sixty-first and Sixty-second regiments.
 Sixty-third Regiment, including an additional attached company.^c
 Sixty-fourth Regiment, including an attached battalion of 2 additional companies.
 Sixty-fifth to Sixty-eighth Regiment, inclusive.
 Sixty-ninth Regiment, including an attached battalion of 2 additional companies.
 Seventieth Regiment.
 Seventy-first Regiment, including an attached battalion of 5 additional companies.
 Seventy-second and Seventy-third regiments.
 Seventy-fourth Regiment, including an attached battalion of 2 additional companies.
 Seventy-fifth to Eighty-ninth Regiment, inclusive.

^a The rolls upon which the State was reimbursed for expenses incurred are filed in the office of the Auditor for the War Department.

^b Three companies of the First Regiment were mustered into the United States service in 1864 for thirty days.

^c Four companies of the Sixty-third Regiment were mustered into the United States service in 1864 for thirty days.

- Allensville Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. David Fouts.
Andrew County Battalion (name of battalion commander not ascertained).
Bollinger County Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. John R. Cochran.
Bollinger County Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. James Johnson.
Bollinger County Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. George W. Reynold.
Bollinger County Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. James Rogers.
Buchanan County Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. G. E. Landry.
Buchanan County Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. William Randall.
Callaway County Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. Hiram Cornell.
Callaway County Company (unattached), originally commanded by Capt. William T. Snell, subsequently by Capt. Isaac T. Snedecor.
Cass County Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. Alexander Robinson.
Clay County Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. John W. Younger.
Howard County Battalion, commanded by Maj. Benjamin Reeves.
Independence Company A, Home Guards, commanded by Capt. Peter Hinter.
Independence Company A, Citizen Home Guards, commanded by Capt. Peter Hinter.
Independence Company B, Citizen Home Guards, commanded by Capt. Francis Little.
Independence Company, commanded by First Lieut. William N. O. Monroe. (Also known as Wayne City Independent Company.)
Iron County Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. Joseph Wilson.
Iron Mountain Railroad Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. John Buchanan.
Iron Mountain Railroad Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. Phineas J. Warren.
Maries County Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. John M. Beezley.
Maries County Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. V. G. Latham.
Meramec Iron Works Company, commanded by Lieut. Thomas J. Griffith. (Attached to Sixty-third Regiment.)
Mississippi County Battalion, commanded by Col. Henry J. Deal. (Consolidated with the Seventy-ninth Regiment.)
Mississippi County Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. Edwin P. Diehl. (Became Company A, Seventy-ninth Regiment.)
Mississippi County Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. L. W. Pritchett. (Became Company B, Seventy-ninth Regiment.)
Montgomery's Company (unattached).
New Madrid County Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. H. A. Applegate.
New Madrid County Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. Samuel Coleman.

Pike County Battalion (name of battalion commander not ascertained).
 Platte County Company Railroad Guards (unattached), commanded by
 Capt. John S. Kellogg.
 Randolph County Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. John
 A. Hix.
 Randolph County Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. Silas
 Rice.
 Ravenna Battalion, commanded by Capt. John O. Williams. (Attached
 to Forty-fourth Regiment).
 St. Louis County Company (unattached), City Post Band, commanded
 by Capt. Frank Boehm.
 St. Louis County Company (unattached), Corps of Detectives, com-
 manded by Capt. George Deagle.
 St. Louis County Company (unattached), Old Guard, commanded by
 Capt. N. H. Clark.
 St. Louis County Company (unattached), cavalry, commanded by Capt.
 Frederick Walter.
 St. Louis Police Battalion, commanded by Maj. J. E. D. Couzens.
 Scott County Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. James T.
 Anderson.
 Scott County Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. William W.
 Campbell.
 Scott County Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. Samuel
 Tanner.
 Wayne City Independent Company, Independence Company, com-
 manded by First Lieut. William N. O. Monroe.

PROVISIONAL ENROLLED MISSOURI MILITIA.^a

[Organized under authority of the governor of the State, dated February 3, 1863.]

First to Eleventh Regiment, inclusive.^b
 Company D, Twenty-sixth Regiment.

PROVISIONAL ENROLLED MILITIA.^a

[Organized under General Orders, No. 107, headquarters Department of the Missouri, dated June 28,
 1864.]

Anderson's Company.
 Babeoke's Company.
 Baker's Company.
 Baskins's Company.
 Beden's Company.
 Bingham's Company.
 Bollinger's Company.
 Boyd's Company.
 Bray's Company.
 Brown's Company.
 Carrothers's Company.
 Castor's Company.
 Dawson's Company (originally McCaslen's).
 Day's Company.
 Dietrich's Company.

^a The rolls upon which the State was reimbursed for expenses incurred are filed in the office of the Auditor for the War Department.

^b The Sixth and Seventh regiments were mustered into the service of the United States for the period of twenty months, and became the Sixteenth and Fifteenth regiments, Missouri Cavalry, respectively.

Ferguson's Company.
 Filson's Company.
 Fink's Company.
 Foster's Company.
 Frazer's Company.
 Gaddy's Company.
 Garth's Company.
 Gatzweller's Company.
 Green's Company.
 Hale's Company.
 Harris's Company, commanded by Capt. A. J. Harris.
 Harris's Company, commanded by Capt. John A. Harris.
 Hart's Company.
 Hartwig's Company (artillery).
 Holland's Company.
 Hoover's Company.
 Hume's Company.
 Johnson's Company, commanded by Capt. Abraham Johnson.
 Johnson's Company, commanded by Capt. Henry D. Johnson.
 Kendrick's Company.
 Legg's Company.
 Lennon's Company.
 Long's Company.
 Mace's Company.
 McCaslen's Company (finally Dawson's).
 McNeill's Company.
 McNutt's Company.
 Major's Company.
 Mason's Company.
 Mayo's Company.
 Miller's Company.
 Morehouse's Company.
 Morris's Company.
 Newman's Company.
 Palmer's Company.
 Parpam's Company.
 Pinger's Company.
 Pwicheaus's Company.
 Rallston's Company.
 Real's Company.
 Renshaw's Company.
 Schelsky's Company.
 Shoemaker's Company.
 Spickard's Company.
 Steines's Company.
 Wehde's Company.
 Winters's Company.

MISSOURI MILITIA.^a

[Organized under General Orders, No. 3, headquarters State of Missouri, dated January 30, 1865.]

Audrain County Company, commanded by First Lieut. John L. Mitchell.
 Babcoke's Company.

^a The rolls upon which the State was reimbursed for expenses incurred are filed in the office of the Auditor for the War Department.

- Bates County Company, commanded by First Lieut. John Atkinson.
 Benton County Company, commanded by First Lieut. John Cosgrove.
 Bollinger County Company, commanded by Capt. John R. Cochran.
 Boone County Company, commanded by Capt. Henry N. Cook.
 Boone County Platoon, commanded by First Lieut. D. P. J. Dozier.
 Bridges North Missouri Railroad Company, commanded by Capt. Luman W. Story.
 Callaway County Company, commanded by First Lieut. William H. Thomas.
 Camden County Company, commanded by Capt. Henry G. Bollinger.
 Cape Girardeau County Company, commanded by Capt. Ezra King.
 Carroll and Livingston Counties Company, commanded by First Lieut. Daniel Hoover.
 Cass County Company, commanded by First Lieut. Joseph Burk.
 Chariton County Company, commanded by Capt. Peter R. Dolman.
 Christian County Company, commanded by First Lieut. T. J. Gideon.
 Clay County Company, commanded by Capt. Robert McMillan.
 Clay and Clinton Counties Company, commanded by Capt. John W. Younger.
 Cooper County Company, commanded by Capt. George Miller.
 Cooper and Moniteau Counties Company, commanded by Capt. John B. Calhoun.
 Crawford County Company, commanded by Capt. N. G. Clark.
 Dent County Company, commanded by Capt. G. A. Kenamore.
 Dunklin County Company, commanded by First Lieut. William L. White.
 Henry and Bates Counties Company, commanded by Capt. William Weaver.
 Howard County Company, commanded by Capt. William R. Forbes.
 Howard County Company, commanded by Capt. Warren W. Harris.
 Jackson County Company, commanded by Capt. William S. Smith.
 Jasper County Company, commanded by First Lieut. Lyman J. Burch.
 Johnson County Company, commanded by Capt. William E. Chester.
 La Fayette County Company, commanded by First Lieut. R. W. P. Mooney.
 Lincoln County Company, commanded by Capt. John M. Reed.
 Linn County Company, commanded by First Lieut. B. F. Carter.
 Linn County Company, commanded by Capt. Rice Morris.
 Livingston County Company, commanded by First Lieut. A. J. Boucher.
 Macon County Company, commanded by First Lieut. Robert Davis.
 Miller County Company, commanded by Capt. John B. Salsman.
 Mississippi County Company, commanded by Capt. John A. Rice.
 Montgomery and Warren Counties Company, commanded by Capt. S. W. Hopkins.
 Morgan County Company, commanded by Capt. R. P. Ruley.
 Newton County Company, commanded by First Lieut. Samuel Achord.
 Osage and Maries Counties Company, commanded by Capt. James M. Dennis.
 Ozark and Douglas Counties Company, commanded by Capt. Charles K. Ford.
 Pacific Railroad Company, commanded by Capt. H. P. Dow.
 Perry County Company, commanded by Capt. Hiram Minor.

Pettis County Company, commanded by Capt. H. C. Donnohue.
 Pike County Company, commanded by Capt. William Kerr.
 Platte County Company, commanded by First Lieut. Franklin Luthey.
 Pulaski and Texas Counties Company, commanded by Capt. Richard Murphy.
 Ralls, Monroe, and Marion Counties Company, commanded by First Lieut. Henry C. Gentry.
 Randolph County Company, commanded by Capt. Alexander Denny.
 Randolph County Company, commanded by Capt. Charles F. Mayo.
 Ray and Caldwell Counties Company, commanded by Capt. Clayton Tiffin.
 St. Clair County Company, commanded by Capt. Benjamin F. Cook.
 St. François County Company, commanded by First Lieut. F. A. Millert.
 Ste. Genevieve County Company, commanded by First Lieut. David Flood.
 Saline County Company, commanded by Capt. John S. Crain.
 Southwest Branch Pacific Railroad Company, commanded by Capt. Thomas Thomas.
 Stoddard County Company, commanded by First Lieut. Louis M. Ringer.
 Stoddard and Dunklin Counties Company, commanded by Capt. J. C. Thompson.
 Stone County Company, commanded by Capt. Patrick C. Berry.
 Taney County Company, commanded by Capt. William L. Fenex.
 Wright County Company, commanded by Capt. Thomas K. Paul.

MISSOURI MILITIA.^a

[Organized under the ordinance of the State Convention of April 8, 1865.]

First to Third Regiment, inclusive.
 First to Third Battalion, inclusive.
 Fourth and Fifth regiments.
 Fifth Battalion.
 Sixth Regiment.
 Sixth Battalion.
 Eighth to Eighty-fourth Regiment, inclusive.
 Benton Barracks Battalion, commanded by Maj. John W. McHarg.
 Clark County Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. D. A. Day.
 Fletcher Guards Company (unattached), commanded by Capt. S. W. Hammack.
 National Guard Regiment of St. Louis, commanded by Col. H. Kleinschmidt.

CITIZEN GUARDS.^b

First Regiment, Militia Exempts.
 First Battalion, Militia Exempts.

^aRolls of these organizations are doubtless filed in the office of the adjutant-general of the State. None are filed in the War Department or in the office of the Auditor for the War Department.

^bThe rolls of the few organizations of Citizen Guards mentioned in this list that were recognized and paid by the State, and for which the State was reimbursed by the United States, are filed in the office of the Auditor for the War Department, as are also those of the few companies (Hickman Mills Companies, Kansas City Station Guards and Westport Police Guards) that were paid through special legislation by Congress. Such rolls as are known to be in existence, of the organizations not paid either by the State or the United States, are filed in the War Department.

Second Regiment, Militia Exempts.
 Second Battalion, Militia Exempts (colored).
 Third Regiment, Militia Exempts.
 Third Battalion, Militia Exempts (unorganized).
 Fourth Regiment, Militia Exempts.
 Fifth Regiment, Militia Exempts.
 Allen's Company.
 Asher's Company.
 Baker's Company.
 Baldwin's Company.
 Bale's Company.
 Beaty's Company (Carroll County Guards).
 Beesley's Company.^a
 Berry's Company.
 Berryman's Company.
 Birchfield's Company.
 Black's Company.
 Bogard Guards (Wells's Company).
 Brown's Company, commanded by Capt. James H. Brown.
 Brown's Company, commanded by Capt. Josiah Brown.
 Burkler's Company.
 Calhoun Guards (Squire's Company).
 Carroll County Guards (Beaty's Company).
 Cavness's Company.
 Cleveland's Company.
 Cole's Company.
 Copenhaver's Company.
 Davis's Company.
 Deegan's Company.
 Derrick's Company.
 Deviny's Company.
 Dillon's Company.
 Donnohue's Company.
 Dorman's Company.
 Eaton's Company.^a
 Ellis's Company.
 Eneberg's Company.
 Ewing's Company.
 Fisher's Company.^b
 Foster's Company.
 Freeman's Company.
 Good's Company.
 Gorrell's Company.
 Gould's Company.
 Grayson's Company.
 Grover's Company.^b
 Harrison's Company.^a
 Harrisonville Company, commanded by Capt. Alexander Robinson.^c
 Harrisonville Company, commanded by Capt. Elias P. West.^d

^a Organization not confirmed.

^b There is official evidence that this company was in existence, but no rolls of the organization have been found.

^c Recognized by State authorities as an independent company, Enrolled Missouri Militia.

^d Recognized by State authorities as Company K, Seventy-seventh Enrolled Missouri Militia.

Hatton's Company.
 Hays's Company.
 Heismuir's Company.
 Henderson's Company.
 Hickman Mills Company, commanded by First Lieut. Jacob Axline.
 Hickman Mills Company of Mounted Men, commanded by Capt. David Tate.
 Hoge's Company.
 Hollanbeck's Company.
 Holt's Company.
 Hudson's Company.
 Independence Company A, Home Guard, Enrolled Missouri Militia, commanded by Capt. Peter Hinter.^a
 Independence Company A, Citizen Home Guards, commanded by Capt. Peter Hinter.^a
 Independence Company B, Citizen Home Guards, Missouri Militia, commanded by Capt. Francis Little.^a
 Independence Company, commanded by First Lieut. William N. O. Monroe. (Also known as Wayne City Independent Company.)^a
 Isrigg's Company.^b
 Jennings's Company, commanded by Capt. Jesse Jennings.
 Jennings's Company, commanded by Capt. William Jennings.
 Johnson's Company.
 Jones's Company, commanded by Capt. Daniel S. Jones.
 Jones's Company, commanded by Capt. James M. Jones.
 Kansas City Guards (Militia), Company E, commanded by Capt. Peter Causey.
 Kansas City Station Guards, Company A, commanded by Capt. Caleb A. Carpenter.
 Kansas City Station Guards, Company A (Independent), commanded by Capt. Caleb A. Carpenter.
 Kansas City Station Guards, Company B, Missouri State Militia, commanded by Capt. James Hickman.
 Kansas City Station Guards, Company B, commanded by Capt. Rufus Montgall.
 Kansas City Station Guards, Company C, commanded by Capt. Jesse P. Alexander.
 Kansas City Station Guards, Company D, commanded by First Lieut. William J. Gault.
 Kansas City Station Guards, Company D, commanded by Capt. B. F. Newgent.
 Kansas City Station Guards, Company D, commanded by Capt. B. L. Riggins.
 Kansas City Station Guards, Company E, commanded by Capt. William O. Shouse.
 Key's Company.^b
 Kirby's Company.
 Lower's Company.
 McBride's Company.
 McMahan's Company.
 Mahnken's Company.
 Martin's Company.

^aRecognized by State authorities as an independent company, Enrolled Missouri Militia.

^bOrganization not confirmed.

Middleton's Company.^a
 Miller's Company, B, Jefferson City Citizens' Guard.
 Mitchell's Company, commanded by Capt. E. G. Mitchell.
 Mitchell's Company, commanded by Capt. William A. Mitchell.
 Mizell's Company.
 Morgan's Company.
 Murray's Company, commanded by Capt. W. V. Murray.
 Murray's Company, commanded by Capt. William W. Murray.
 Norris's Company.
 Parazett's Company.
 Parker's Company.
 Pitts's Company.
 Pleasant Hill Company, commanded by Capt. Andrew Allen.^b
 Porter's Company.
 Potter's Company, commanded by Capt. James M. Potter.
 Potter's Company, commanded by Capt. Thomas P. Potter.
 Preston's Company.
 Price's Company.
 Reeves's Company.^a
 Robinson's Company.
 Samples's Company.
 Seaton's Company.
 Smith's Company.^a
 Sorrell's Company.
 Squires's Company (Calhoun Guards).
 Stark's Company.
 Stemons's Company.
 Taggart's Company.
 Thompson's Company.
 Tinken's Company.
 Turner's Company.
 Tutt's Company.
 Tyre's Company.^a
 Walde's Company.
 Wall's Company.
 Ward's Company.
 Wear's Company.
 Wehde's Company.
 Wells's Company (Bogard Guards).
 Westport Police Guard, commanded by Capt. William A. Bevis.
 Wheelchel's Company.
 Whitaker's Company.
 Williams's Company.
 Yancy's Company.
 Zeiler's Company.

MARINE CORPS.^c

First to Third Company, inclusive.

^aOrganization not confirmed.

^bRecognized by State authorities as Company I, Seventy-seventh Enrolled Missouri Militia.

^cThe rolls of the Marine Corps are filed in the War Department, but the rolls upon which payment was made by the Quartermaster's Department are filed in the office of the Auditor for the War Department.